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ALLOPOLYHERBAL GEL FORMULATION AGAINST MICROORGANISM: *IN-VITRO* STUDIES

Laxmi Srivastava¹, J. N. Mishra¹, D. K. Vishwakarma^{*1} and Chitranshu Pandey²

Kailash Institute of Pharmacy & Management¹, Gida, Gorakhpur - 273209, Uttar Pradesh, India. MRD Life Sciences Pvt. Ltd²., Lucknow - 226010, Uttar Pradesh, India.

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Correspondence to Author: Laxmi Srivastava

Student, Kailash Institute of Pharmacy & Management, Gida, Gorakhpur -273209, Uttar Pradesh, India.

E-mail: laxmisrivastava630@gmail.com

ABSTRACT: The cases of skin infections are increasing daily, and the conventional treatment loses its strength in treating those skin infections because of resistance of the microorganisms against the medications, including antibacterial as well as antifungal with the topical and oral administration, or both. The advancement of the treatment of treating skin infections by the combination with the synthetic drug (allopathic medicine) with the polyherbal formulation is known as Allopolyherbal formulation, which gives a wonderful result in the treatment of skin infections due to microorganisms (bacteria & fungus) by lowering the side effects and increasing the pharmacological activity of the synthetic drug (allopathic medicine) with the synergistic therapy in targeting the microbes and also shows the better patient compliance with the reliable therapeutic effects. In this research work, the allopolyherbal formulation contains the polyherbal formulation, which includes A. indica (Neem), O. tenuiflorum (Shyamatulsi), P. emblica (Amla), and A. barbadensis (Aloe) which have the potency enriched with antimicrobial activity and the allopathic drug, the antibacterial (chloramphenicol) and antifungal (terconazole) are used to treat many of the skin infections caused by S. aureus, P. aeruginosa, C. albicans, and A. niger. The overall resulted formulation of allopolyherbal gel as antibacterial (F4) and antifungal (F4) with PHF (B) shows better eradication rate as compared to all formulation and also the further evaluation such as physicochemical as well as *in-vitro* studies with stability was performed for particular formulation.

INTRODUCTION: Allopolyherbal plan is described as the definition which consolidates the mix of two exceptional specifying, for instance, the allopathic definition (designed drug) and polyherbal plan; the inventive idea of incorporating the allopathic with normal is to adjust everything from the ordinary treatment for the help of patient and to degree the past therapeutics of the prescription for the high-level world.



Other than this, in the relationship between's the allopathic drug and the allopolyherbal plans, which have a comparable effect on the medicine anyway, the optional impact is overpowered by the decline in the piece of the made prescription.

Polyherbal Formulation: Polyherbal plan is described as the blend of more than one zest use with the helpful preparation for treating sicknesses. The possibility of polyherbal definition is found is ayurvedic and other standard medicine systems.

In 1300 A.D. the thought was polyherbalism was writing in "Sarangdhar Samhita" in which plant definitions and joined concentrates of plants are picked rather than individual ones.