

(b) he or she is diagnosed with mental illness leading to loss of insight;

(c) he or she is removed by a simple majority of the members of the Trust, if it is found that the trustee (s) activities are detrimental to the activities or administration or funds of the Trust.

9. APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEES:

The TRUSTEES may co-opt additional Trustees with a simple majority in the meeting of Trustees, whose term of office may be renewable every year.

Any vacancy in the Board of Trustees shall be filled up by the remaining members of the Trust selecting a suitable person by special resolution.

10. ADMINISTRATION OF THE TRUST;

The administration of the TRUST shall vest with Board of Trustees, which may consist of:

- a) One Chairperson;
- b) One Secretary;
- c) One Treasurer

11. POWER OF THE TRUSTEES:

The Board of Trustees shall have the control and management of the Trust and exercise the following powers:

- a) to determine from time to time to commence and to take up in the object and purposes for which the funds of the trust shall be used and allot and allocate to each of the objects such portion of the funds as they deem fit;
- b) To purchase and acquire any immovable property of any kind for this object of the Trust or as a source of income for Trust;
- c) To sell, mortgage, or dispose of any immovable property residing at properties belonging to the Trust;
- d) To incur all expenditure necessary as in their own opinion useful for carrying out the objects and administration of the trust;
- e) To open one or more bank accounts of the trust with any bank or banks as the Trustees may deem fit and deposit monies of the Trust in the Bank accounts.
- f) To borrow for and on behalf of the Trust with or without security from banks, Governments, Universities or any other Government(s) Body residing at bodies both central and state.



— लक्ष्मी मारुत
